

CDFでの $W H \rightarrow l\nu b\bar{b}$ チャンネルを用いた ヒッグス粒子探索

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Outline

- Introduction
- Analysis & Current Upper Limit on $W H$
- Conclusion & Tevatron Results

Introduction

- Current Experimental Constraint on Higgs mass

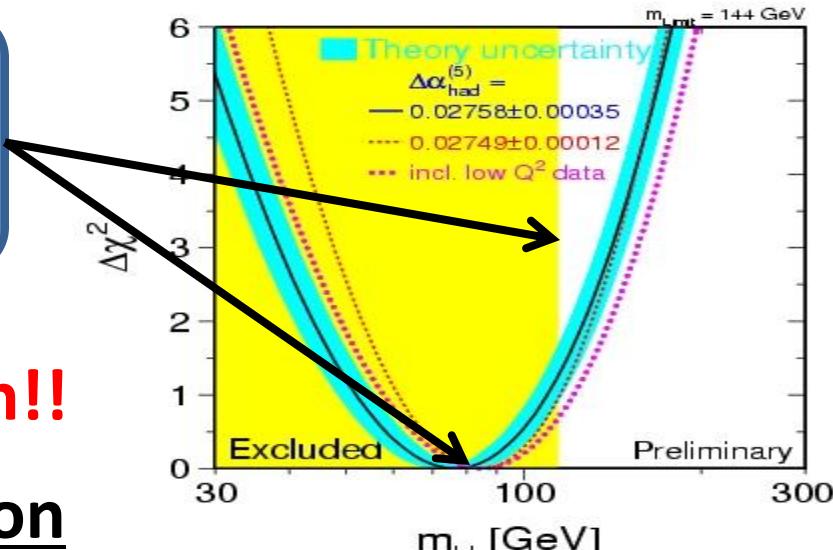
$114.4 \text{ GeV} < m_h < 144 \text{ (182) GeV}$

Most probable value

$m_h = 76^{+33}_{-24} \text{ GeV}$

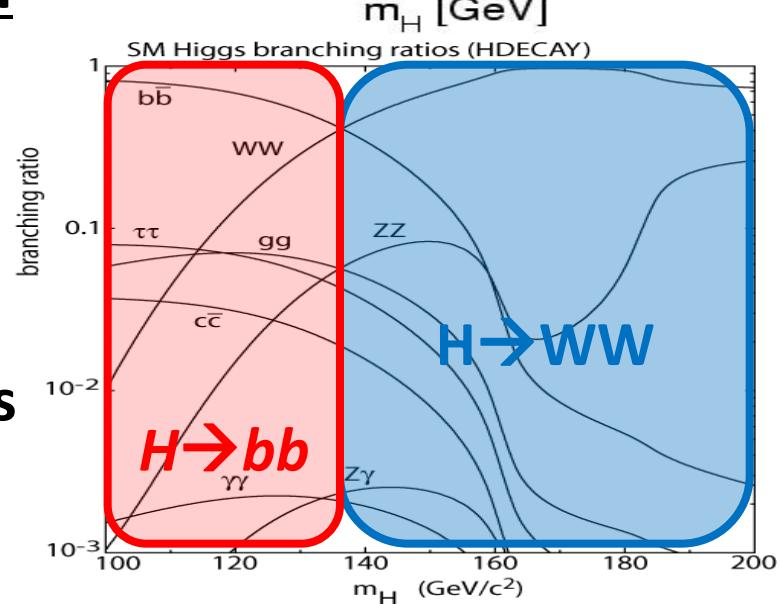


SM prefers low mass Higgs boson!!



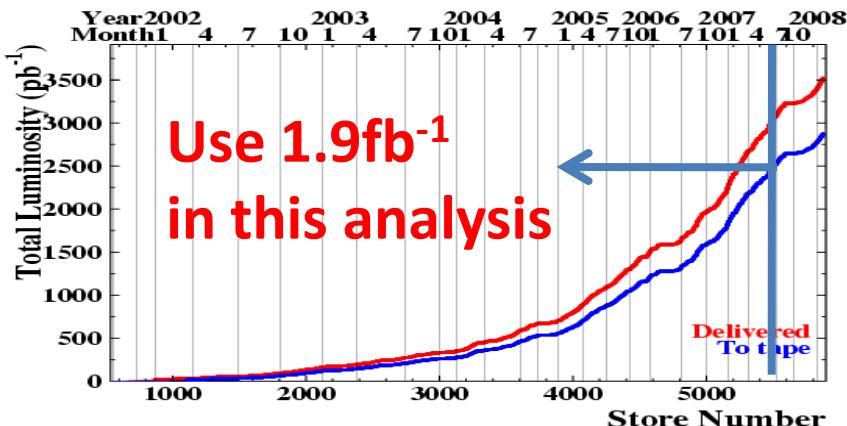
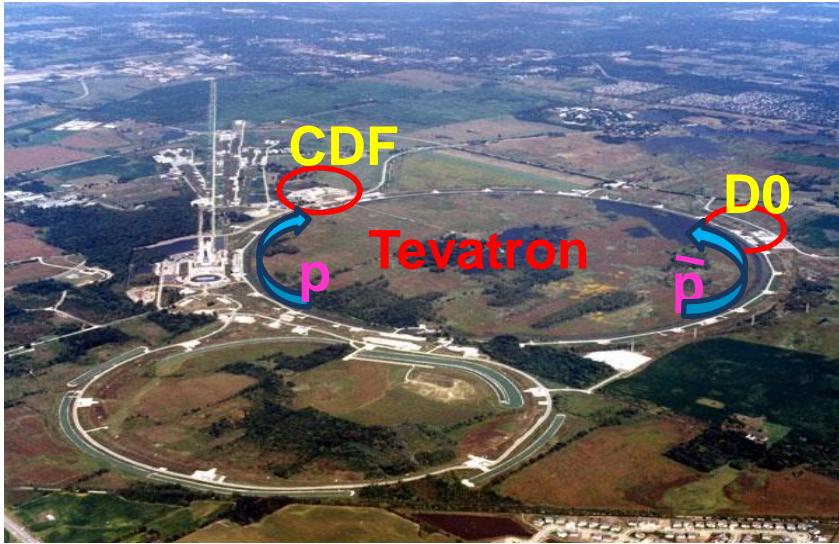
- Low Mass Higgs Search at Tevatron

- $gg \rightarrow H$: highest cross section
 - ✓ Huge QCD background in low mass
 - ✓ $H \rightarrow WW$ is promising in high mass
- $qq \rightarrow WH/ZH$: Next highest x-sec
 - ✓ Most promising channel in low mass
 - W/Z leptonic decay is available for event trigger

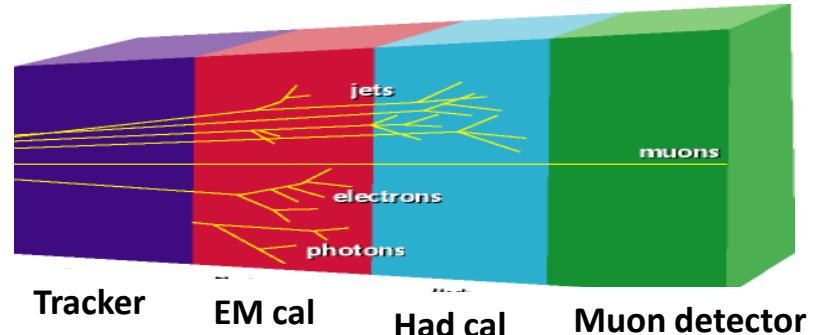
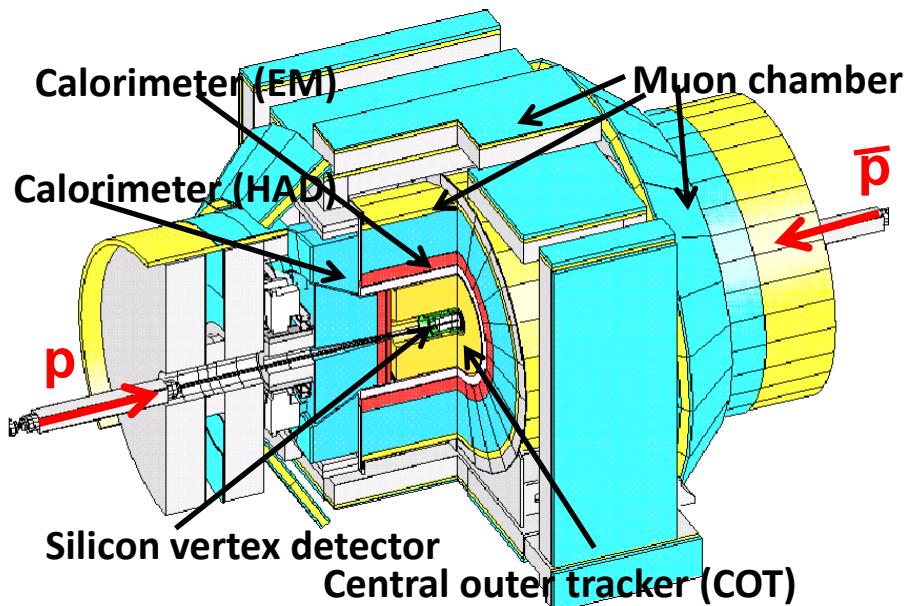


Tevatron and CDF

- $p\bar{p}$ collider : c.m. energy 1.96 TeV
- Direct Higgs search is capable in Tevatron only



CDF Detector

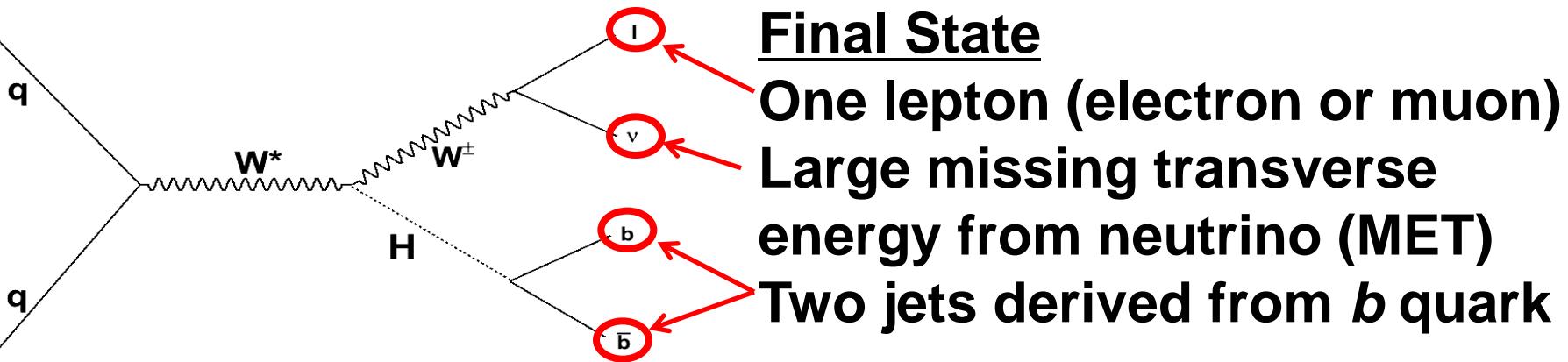


Analysis

- Analysis Overview
- b Flavor Tagging Algorithm
- Event Selection
- Signal and Background Estimation
- Search for Higgs Boson with NN Discriminant

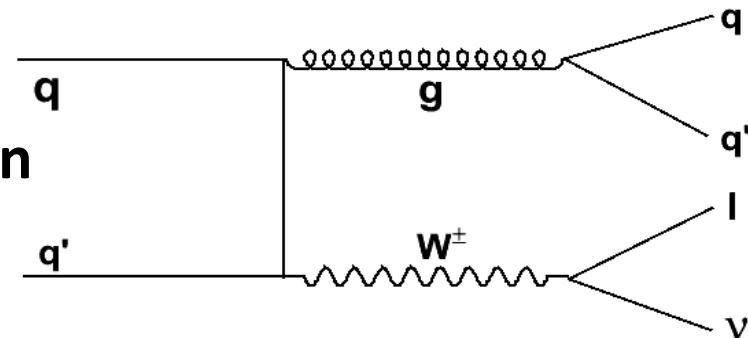
Analysis Overview

- Signal ($W H \rightarrow l v b \bar{b}$) Signatures



- Main Backgrounds : $W + \text{jets}$

jets : (light flavor quark (u,d,s), gluon
and heavy flavor quark(c,b))



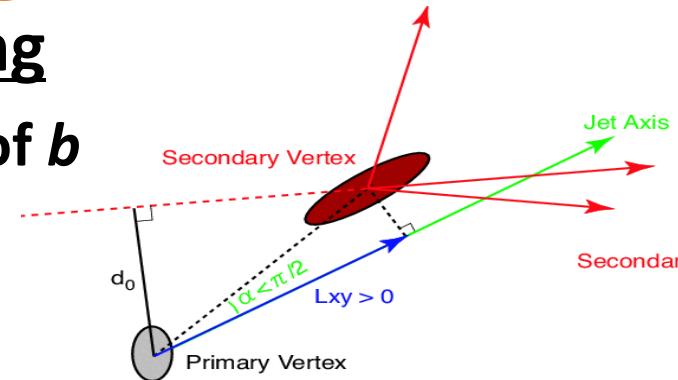
Why b -tagging is important?

- Signature of signal is $W+2\text{jets} \rightarrow$ Enormous $W+\text{jets}$ background
: $\sigma_{W+\text{jet}}/\sigma_{\text{sig}} = \sim 20000$
- After requiring lepton, MET, 2jet : $N_{\text{bkg}}/N_{\text{sig}} = \sim 5000 \quad N_{\text{sig}} = \sim 6$

b Flavor Tagging Algorithm

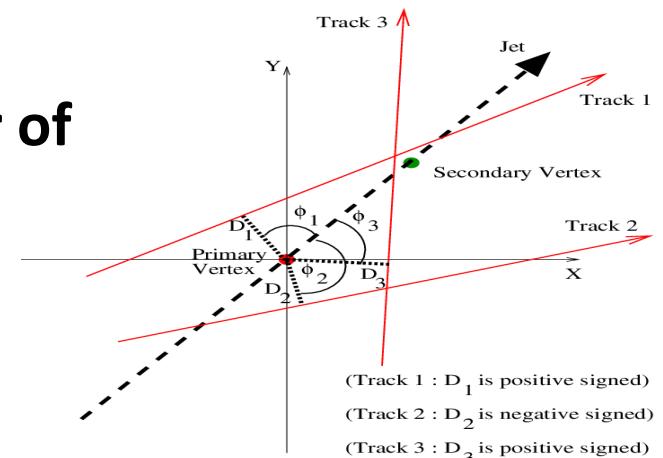
1. Secondary Vertex (SECVTX) *b*-tagging

- ✓ Identify *b*-jets using the long lifetime of *b* hadron
- ✓ tagging eff : ~40%, fake rate : ~ 1%



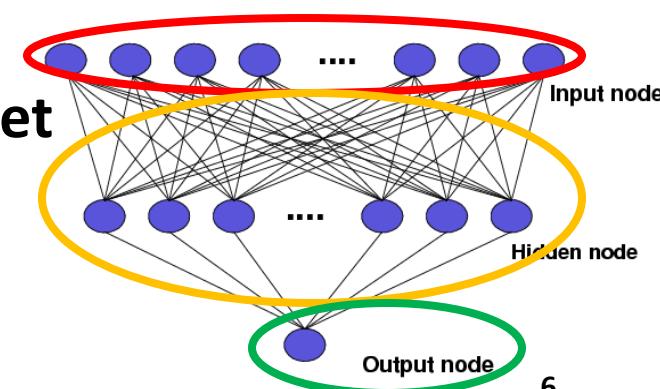
2. Jet Probability *b*-tagging

- ✓ Identify *b*-jets using impact parameter of track in jets
- ✓ tagging eff : ~50%, fake rate : ~5%



3. Neural Network (NN) *b*-tagging

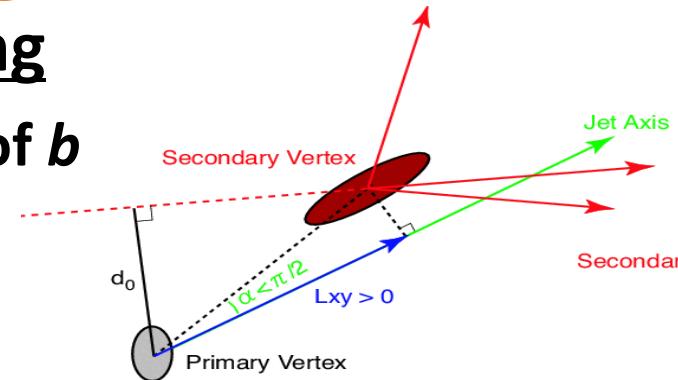
- ✓ Use 16 jet parameters ($L_{xy}, N_{trk}, M_{vtx} \dots$)
- ✓ Optimize NNs to separate *b*-jet from *c*-jet and light-jet
- ✓ Keep 90% *b*-jet, reject 65% light-jet, 50% *c*-jet (for SECVTX tagged jets)



b Flavor Tagging Algorithm

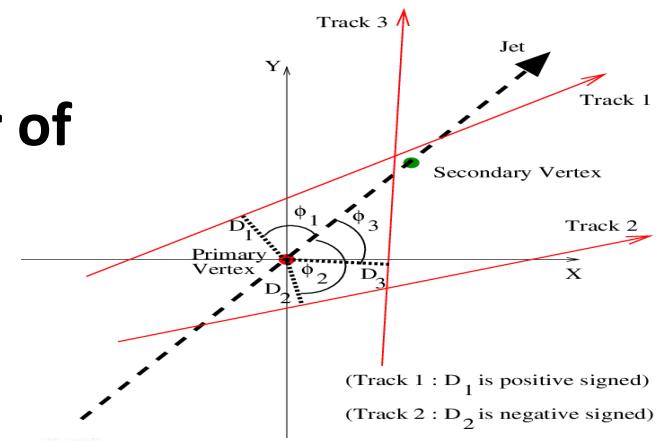
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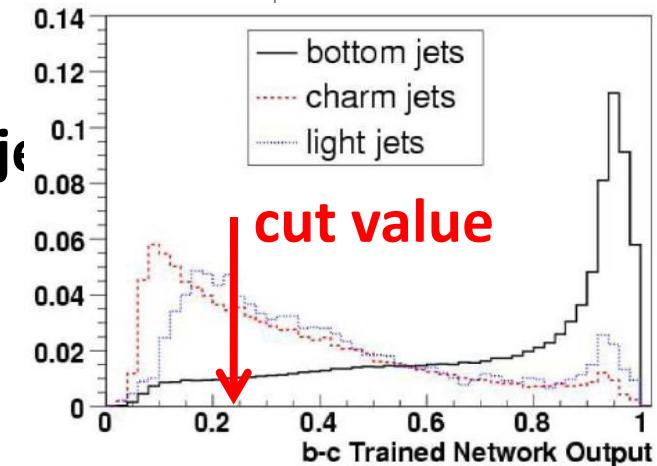
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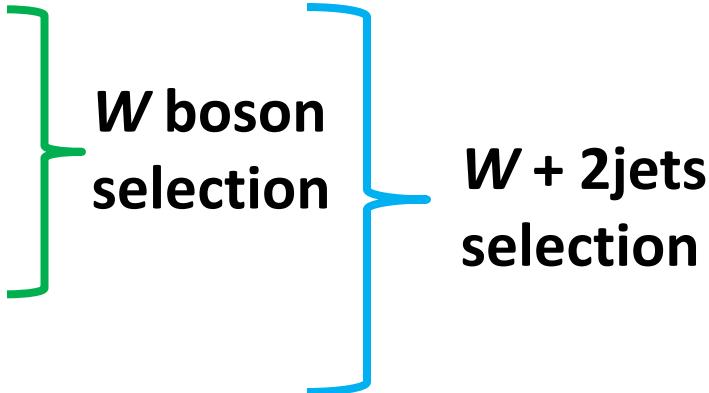
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Event Selection

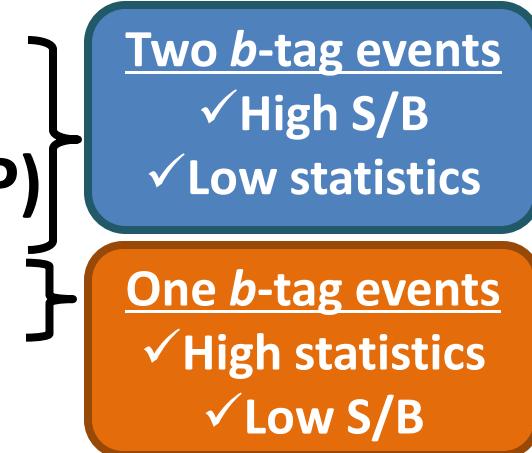
- Baseline Selection

- High p_T central isolated electron or muon
- High missing transverse energy
- Exact two high E_T jets
- At least one SECVTX b -tag



- b Flavor Tagging Category

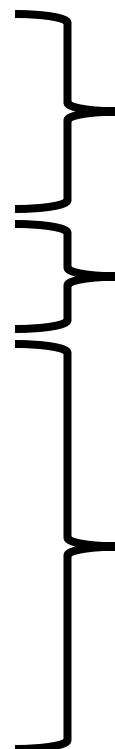
1. Double SECVTX b -tag : (ST+ST)
2. SECVTX + Jet Probability b -tag : (ST+JP)
3. SECVTX b -tag w/ NN tag : (1NNtag)



Background Estimation

- These event selections contain many kinds of backgrounds → Key is understanding backgrounds
- Background Components

- QCD (non- W)
- $W+LF$ (Mistag)
- $W+HF$ ($W+b\bar{b}$, $W+c\bar{c}$)
- $t\bar{t}$
- single top
- Diboson (WW , WZ , ZZ)
- $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$

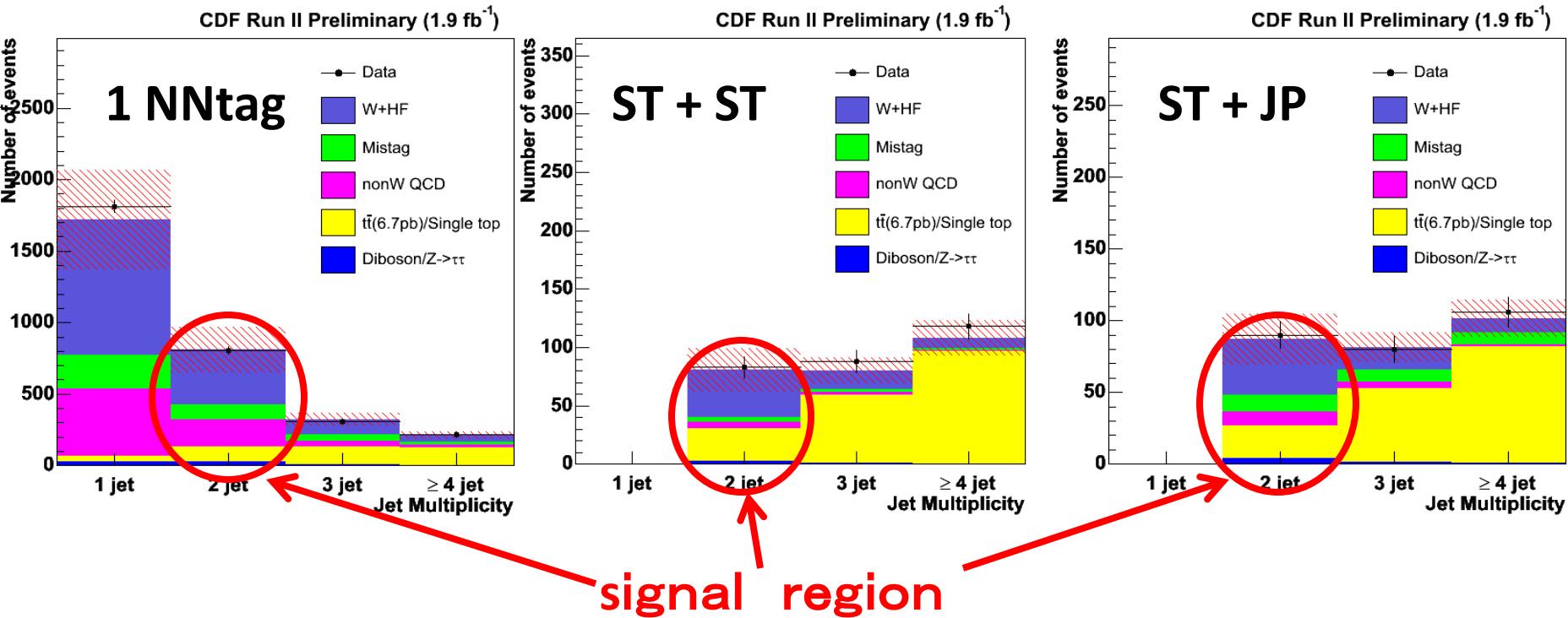


Fake backgrounds
Data based estimation

Dominant backgrounds
Data and MC based estimation

Other physics backgrounds
MC based estimation

Number of Signal and Background



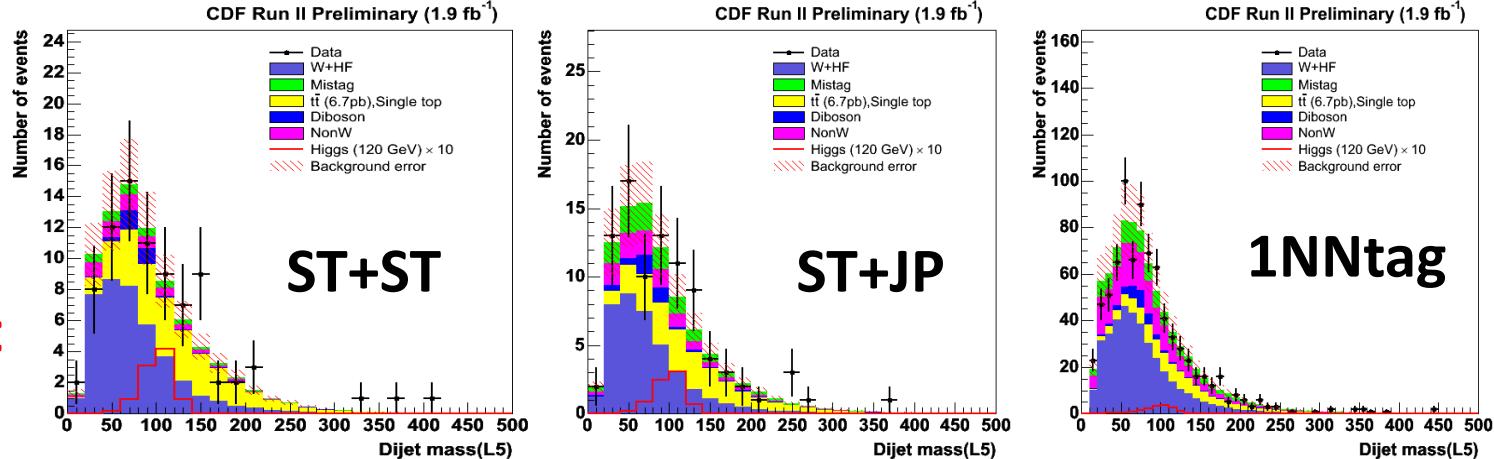
Tagging Categories	1tag w/ NNtag	ST + ST	ST + JP
Data (before b-tagging)	32242		
Total Backgrounds	809.61 ± 159.38	80.62 ± 18.75	86.99 ± 17.99
WH signal(120 GeV)	1.82 ± 0.15	0.94 ± 0.11	0.74 ± 0.09
WH acceptance (%)	0.93 ± 0.05	0.48 ± 0.05	0.38 ± 0.38
Observed Data	805	83	90

Search for Higgs Boson

Check excess
in dijet mass
distribution

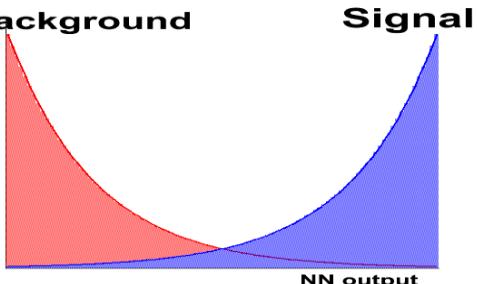


No significant
excess !!



Neural Network Discriminant

- ✓ Input (some event kinematic variables)
- ✓ Neural Network is trained by MC samples (Higgs Signal, $W+jets$, $t\bar{t}$, single top)
- ✓ Signal discriminates from backgrounds with NN output

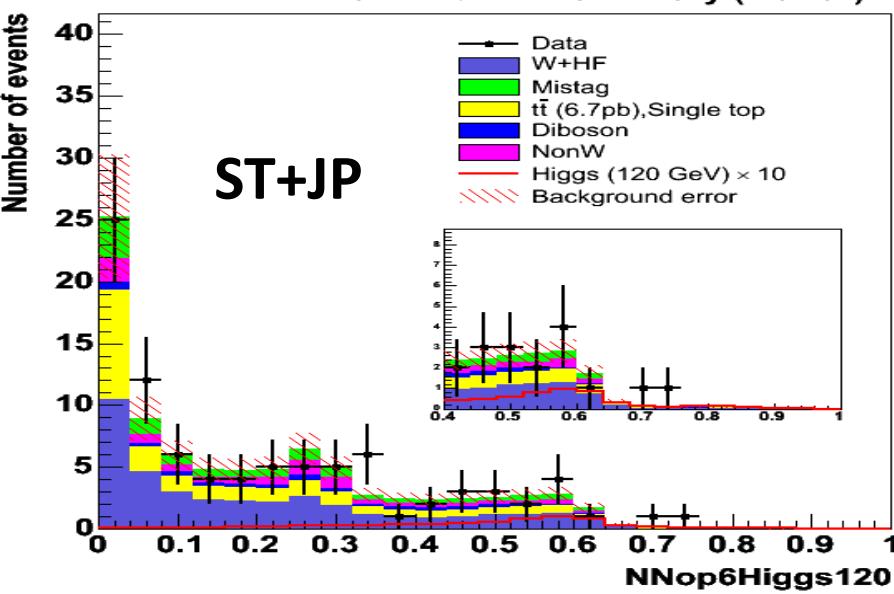
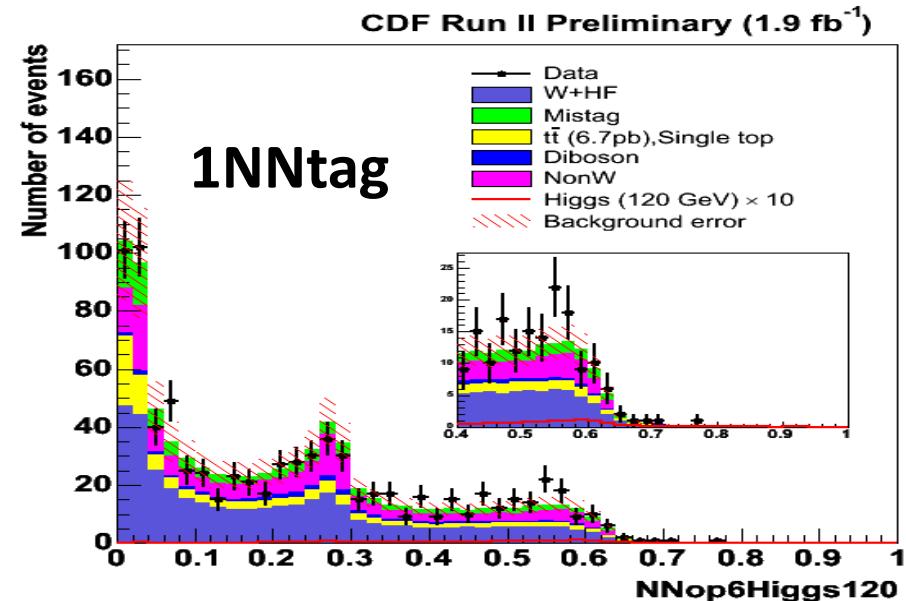
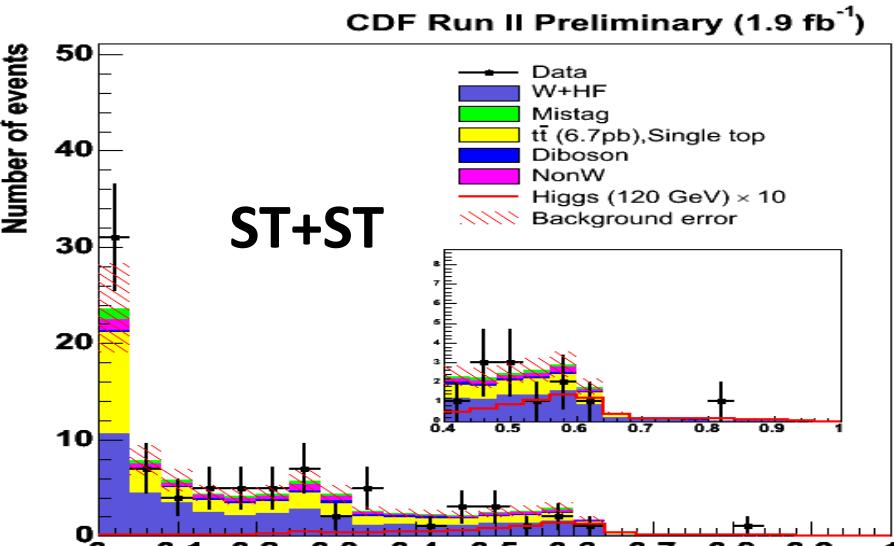


6 Neural Network inputs

- ✓ Dijet mass+
: include looser jet ($E_T > 12$, $|\eta| < 2.4$)
if $\Delta R(\text{selected jet-loose jet}) < 0.9$
- ✓ p_T imbalance
: $p_T(j1) + p_T(j2) + p_T(l) - \text{MET}$
- ✓ $p_T(W+2jets)$: p_T of $W+2jets$ system
- ✓ Sum E_T of loose jets
- ✓ $\Delta R(\text{lepton}-v)$: $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\phi^2 + \Delta\eta^2}$
- ✓ $M_{l\nu j}$: minimum invariant mass of l, ν , jet1 or jet2

NN Output Distribution

- Check NN output distribution instead of dijet mass



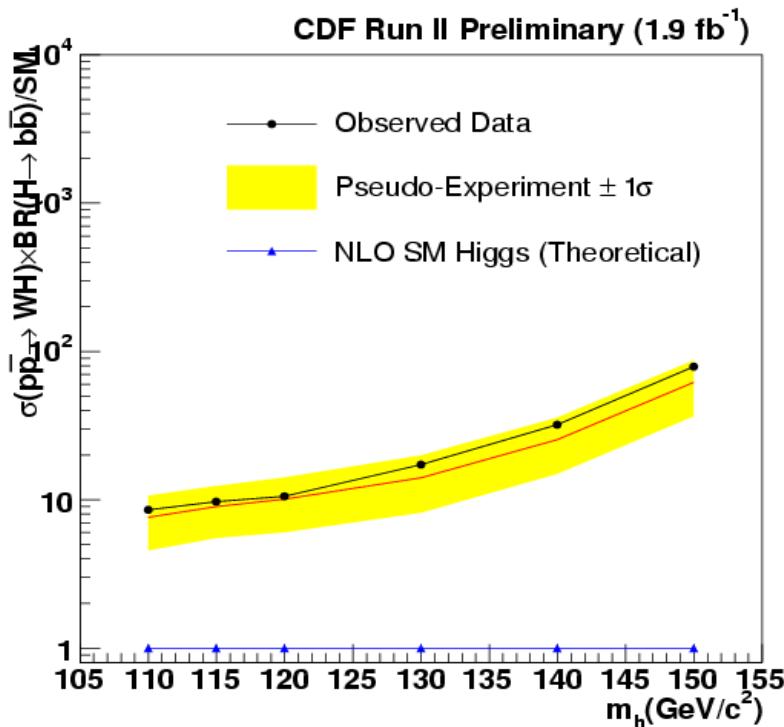
No significant excess in even NN output variable



Set 95% C.L. upper limit on Higgs boson production cross section

95% C.L. Upper Limit Result

- $\sigma(p\bar{p} \rightarrow WH) \times \text{BR}(H \rightarrow b\bar{b})$ upper limit is calculated from NN output fitting of 3 b -tagging categories (binned likelihood)
- Observed limit is consistent with null signal hypothesis



Mass	ST+ST & ST+JP & 1NNtag [pb] , (normalized by SM)
110 GeV	1.38 (8.5)
115 GeV	1.28 (9.7)
120 GeV	1.08 (10.5)
130 GeV	1.08 (17.2)
140 GeV	1.98 (31.9)
150 GeV	1.93 (78.9)

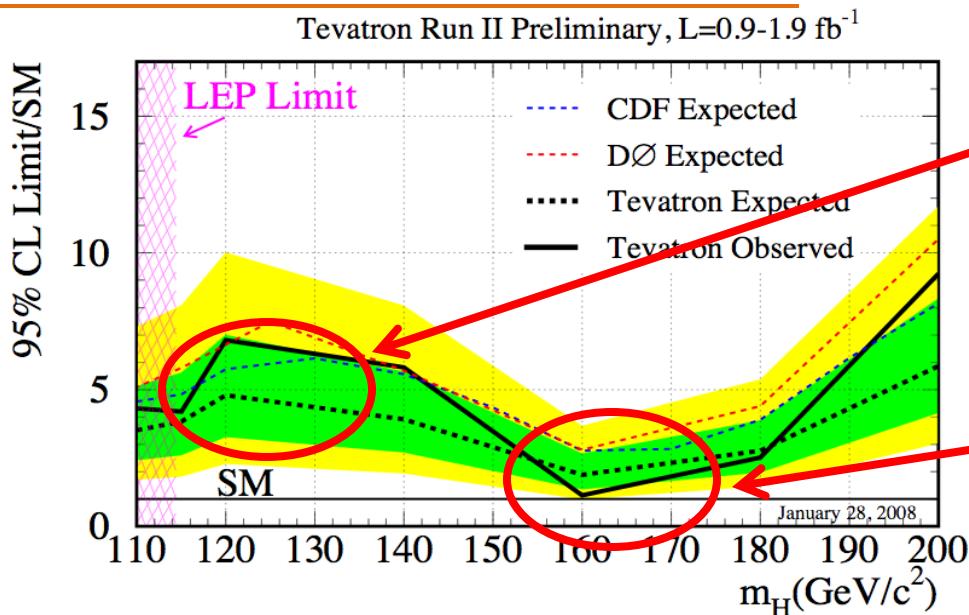
Summary and Tevatron Results

- Search for the Standard Model Higgs boson (WH) channel using 1.9fb^{-1} dataset collected at CDF
- Use three b flavor tagging categories (ST+ST, ST+JP, 1NNtag)
- Apply NN discriminant instead of dijet mass
- No evidence of Higgs signal → Set upper limit

$$\sigma(p\bar{p} \rightarrow WH) \times BR(H \rightarrow b\bar{b}) < 1.4 - 0.9\text{pb} @ 95\%\text{C.L.}$$

~ 10 times higher than SM in low mass region

Tevatron Combined Result

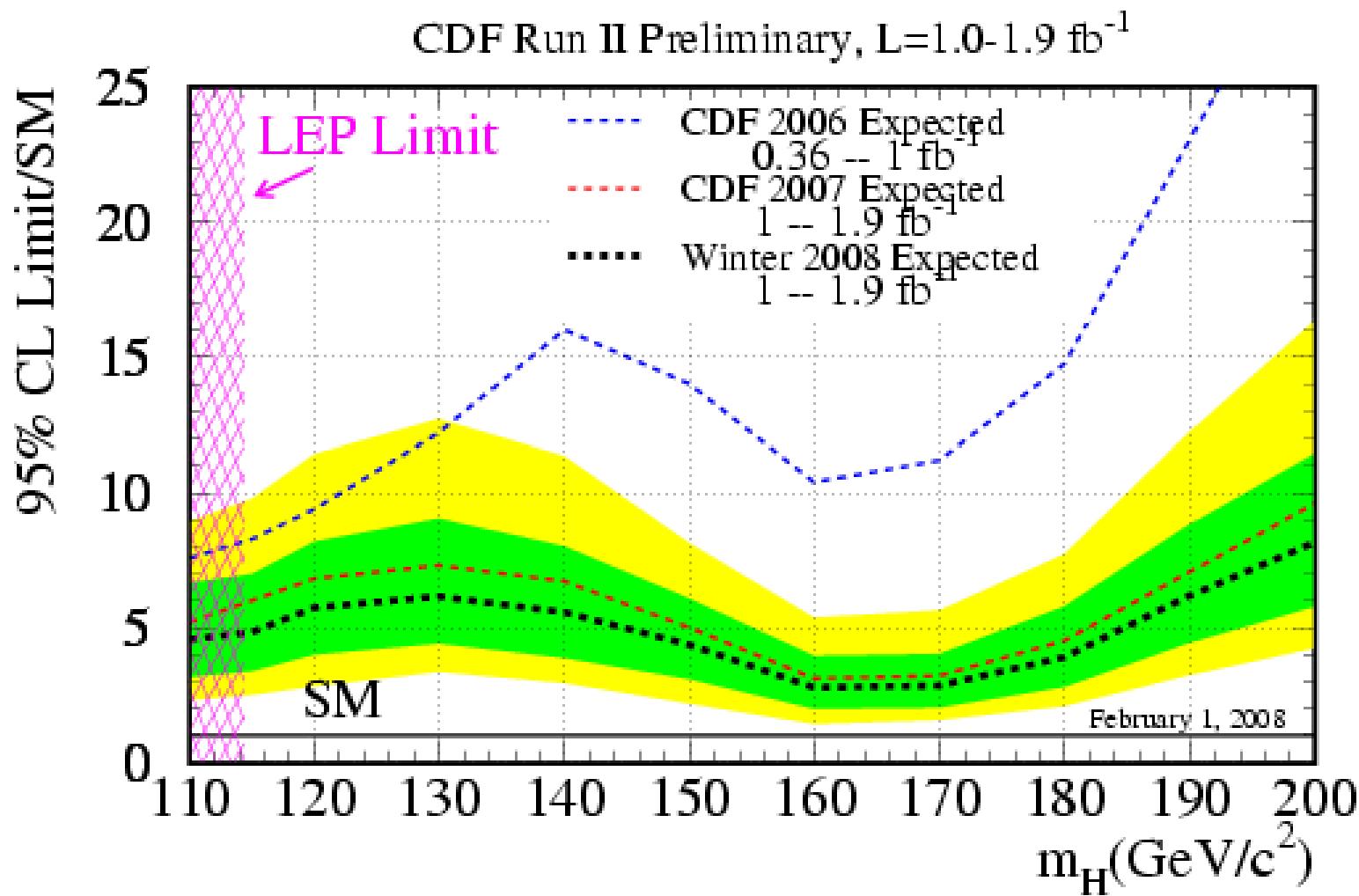


$M_h = 115$ (120) GeV
~ 3.8 (4.8) expected
~ 4.2 (6.8) observed

$M_h = 160$ GeV
~ 1.9 expected
~ 1.1 observed

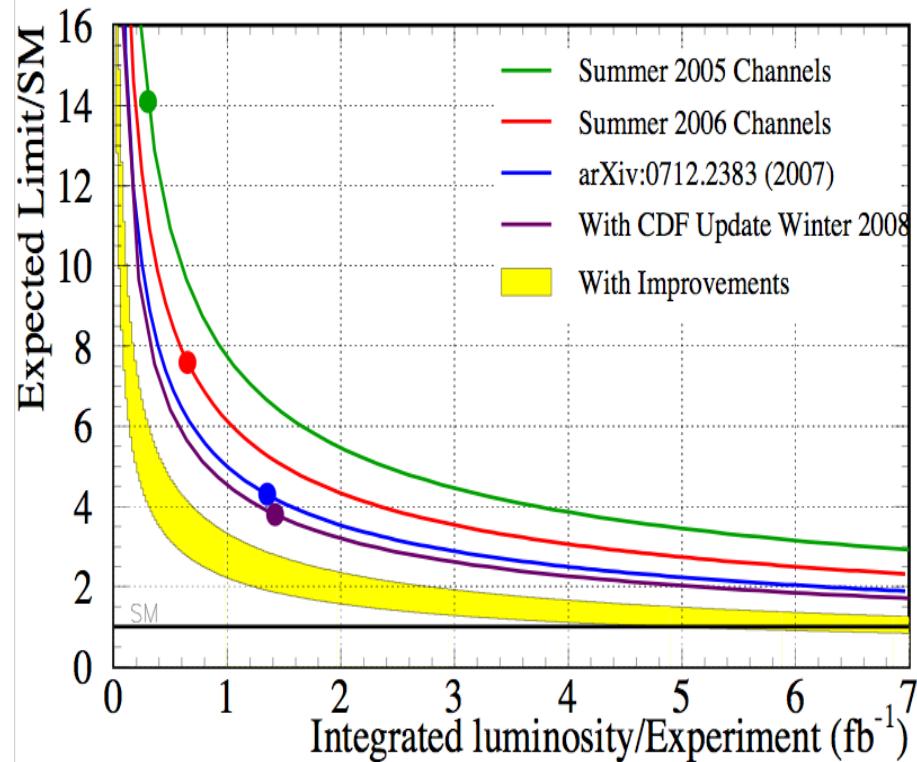
BACK UP

CDF Sensitivity progression



Future Prospect

$m_H = 115 \text{ GeV}$



$m_H = 160 \text{ GeV}$

